SWISS CLIMATE SCORES

Reporting Year 2024

Globalance Zukunftbeweger Focused Fund



Schweizensche Eidgenossenscha Confederation suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederazion svizza



Greenhouse gas emissions Global warming alignment

Exposure to fossil fuel and renewable energy



SWISS CLIMATE SCORES

Best practice transparency for Paris aligned investing Verified commitments to net zero

۵ĥ



-MA

Management to net zero

SWISS CLIMATE

SCORES



Credible climate engagement



schweizerische Eldgenossenscha Conféderation suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederazion svizra



SWISS CLIMATE SCORES

Globalance Zukunftbeweger Focused Fonds

Switzerland and its financial market have committed to reducing their greenhouse gas emissions to net zero by 2050. The Swiss Climate Scores (SCS) show whether and how well financial investments are in line with the Paris climate targets. The aim is to enable investors to identify financial risks and opportunities and encourage them to contribute to the climate goals through their investment decisions. Globalance has supported this voluntary initiative from the outset and shares its goal of making financial products on the market comparable through this "climate label".

INVESTMENT GOALS IN RELATION TO THE CLIMATE

Do you consider this portfolio to be aligned with the goal of the Paris Agreement?

Yes.

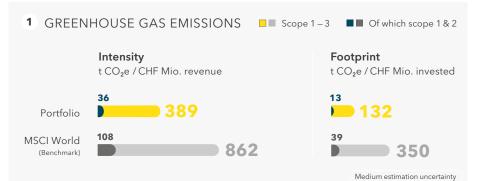
Explanation: Climate metrics such as the share of fossil fuel sales, portfolio temperature and the companies' net zero ambition are key elements of our investment process. In addition, Globalance pursues a climate plan (also known as a net zero plan) for the portfolio, which aims to achieve net zero by 2050 in accordance with the Paris Agreement.

Do you consider that investing in this portfolio contributes to the mitigation of climate change?

Yes.

Explanation: We actively engage companies with material GHG emissions.

CURRENT STATE



The GHG intensities and footprints (scopes 1-3) are more than 50% lower than the comparative values of the MSCI World benchmark.

2 EXPOSURE TO FOSSIL FUEL AND RENEWABLE ENERGY

| | Exposure to coal | Exposure to other fossil fuels | Revenues related to renewable energy |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Portfolio | 0 % | 2 % | 5 % |
| MSCI World (Benchmark) | 3 % | 10 % | 1% |
| | | | Low estimation uncertainty |

Fossil fuels

includes all companies that earn more than 0% of their revenues from fossil fuels. The fossil fuel exposure is much lower than the exposure of the MSCI World benchmark and we strive to lower it continuously.

Renewable energy

represents the portion of revenues generated from renewabel energy.

Globalance Bank AG

Gartenstrasse 16

+41 44 215 55 00

info@globalance.com

SWISS CLIMATE SCORES AND GLOBALANCE

Climate protection is a central pillar of the Globalance philosophy and plays a key role in our investment decision making. In 2023, Globalance was the first and to date remains the only bank to disclose the Swiss Climate Scores for all its assets under management.

Globalance

SWISS CLIMATE SCORES



TRANSITION TO NET ZERO



Equity(fonds) and Corporate Bond(fonds) are part of the analysis. Other financial products are not part of the analysis. For a small number of issuers in scope data is not available.

| Date | 31.12.2024 |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Data supplier | MSCI ESG |
| Standard | SIF Update 2023 |

Globalance Bank AG

Portion of eligible

vs. total portfolio

Gartenstrasse 16

99%

CH-8002 Zurich

+41 44 215 55 00

SWISS CLIMATE

Glossary

Descriptions of the metrics

1 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Encompasses all sources of greenhouse gas emissions from invested companies (scope 1-3), including relevant emissions of their suppliers and products.

- CO₂e = CO₂ equivalents are a unit of measurement to standardise the climate impact of the different greenhouse gases. The amount of CO₂e emitted, is expressed in "tonnes of CO₂ equivalents" (t CO₂e).
- Intensity: Emissions in tonnes CO₂e per 1 million sales generated by the issuers in the portfolio.
- Footprint: Emissions in tonnes CO₂e per 1 million invested capital.
- Scope 1: Emissions from sources that a company owns or controls directly. Example transport company: Emissions from the company's own vehicle fleet.
- Scope 2: Emissions associated with the purchased electricity, steam, heat, or cooling.
 Example clothing factory: Purchasing electricity from a coal-fired power plant for the manufacturing process.
- Scope 3: All other, indirect emissions that occur in the value chain of a company. Example railroad company: purchase of steel for the construction of a railroad line.

2 EXPOSURE TO FOSSIL FUEL AND RENEWABLE ENERGY

There is scientific consensus regarding the need to phase-out coal and more generally fossil fuels as well as regarding the need to invest in renewable energy to enable the transition to net zero. The reported share of fossil energies also includes investments in green bonds issued by entities with fossil-based revenues. However, green bonds are earmarked and may only be used to finance sustainable projects, meaning these funds do not flow into fossil ventures. As a result, the actual share of fossil energies is lower than stated in the report.

 Exposure to fossil fuels (coal / other fossil fuels) includes all companies that earn more than 0% of their revenues from fossil fuels.

- Exposure to renewable energy represents the portion of revenues generated from renewabel energy.
- The scope of activities includes the whole value chain.

3 GLOBAL WARMING ALIGNMENT

This is the level of global warming that would occur if the global economy acted with the same ambition as the companies in the portfolio. Some portfolios with climate objectives may intentionally include investments in companies that are not yet on track to limit warming to 1.5 °C but seek to contribute actively to climate goals by improving the alignment of investee companies to bring a larger share of the real economy into alignment over time.

4 COMPANIES WITH VERIFIED NET ZERO COMMITMENTS

Companies are increasingly committing voluntarily to transitioning to net zero and setting interim targets. The effectiveness of such commitments depends on whether interim emissions reduction targets applied are credible, science-based, transparent, and supported by credible action to cut emissions.

5 CREDIBLE CLIMATE ENGAGEMENT

Financial institutions can contribute to the transition to net zero, notably by utilising their shareholder voting rights at general meetings of investee companies and bringing climate-resolutions into being, as well as by engaging with invested companies on third-party verified, science-based net zero aligned transition plans until 2050.

6 MANAGEMENT TO NET ZERO

Financial institutions can align their investment strategy with a consistent 1.5 °C decarbonisation pathway.

Climate Action 100+

"Climate Action 100+" is an investor-led initiative that aims to ensure that the most important GHG emitters are transitioning to net zero. 2023 Globalance joined two teams of the initiative.

Globalance

Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP)

A non-profit organisation founded in London in 2000 with the aim of ensuring that companies and local authorities publish their environmental data, such as climate-damaging greenhouse gas emissions and water consumption. Once a year, the CDP collects data and information on CO_2 emissions, climate risks and reduction targets and strategies of companies on a voluntary basis using standardised questionnaires on behalf of investors.